

(12) A thief is spotted by a policeman from a distance of 100 m. When the policeman starts the chase, the thief also starts running. If the speed of the thief be 8 km/hr and that of the policeman 10 km/hr how far the thief will have run before he is overtaken?

Soln:-

$$\text{Relative speed of the policeman} = (10 - 8) \text{ km/hr}$$

$$= 2 \text{ km/hr}$$

$$\text{Time taken by policeman to cover 100m} = \left( \frac{100}{1000} \times \frac{1}{2} \right) \text{ hr}$$

$$= \frac{1}{20} \text{ hr.}$$

$$\text{In } \frac{1}{20} \text{ hrs, the thief covers a distance } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} = 2/5 \text{ km} \\ 0 + (8 \times \frac{1}{20}) \text{ km} \end{array} \right\} = 400 \text{ m.}$$

(13) I walk a certain distance and ride back taking a total time of 37 minutes. I could walk both ways in 55 minutes. How long would it like me to ride both ways?

Soln:- let the distance be  $x$  km. Then

$$(\text{Time taken to walk } x \text{ km}) +$$

$$(\text{Time taken to ride } x \text{ km}) = 37 \text{ min}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\text{Time taken to walk } 2x \text{ km}) +$$

$$(\text{Time taken to ride } 2x \text{ km}) = 74 \text{ min.}$$

$$\text{But, time taken to walk } 2x \text{ km} = 55 \text{ min}$$

$$\therefore \text{Time taken to ride } 2x \text{ km} = (74 - 55) \text{ min}$$

$$= 19 \text{ min.}$$